# SYSTEMATIC THEOLOGY



# LAST TIME

➤ Two nature of Christ-> His humanity > His deity > Christ has two complete natures. He is fully human and fully divine. > Christ is one person.

#### KENOTIC CHRISTOLOGY

Jump forward to the 21<sup>st</sup> century.
Comes from the Greek word *kenosis* To empty himself

Have this mind among yourselves, which is yours in Christ Jesus, who, though he was in the form of God, did not count equality with God a thing to be grasped, but emptied himself, by taking the form of a servant, being born in the likeness of men.

#### PHILIPPIANS 2:5-7



#### KENOTIC CHRISTOLOGY

The concept is that Christ emptied himself of part of his divine attribute to become human.

Attempts to resolves the perceived issues of all God and yet seemingly missing aspects of God. QUESTIONS ABOUT KENOSIS >> How many & which attributes did he surrender? > If the Logos turned himself into a man, what is the relationship between that man and the Logos?  $\succ$  Are they identical?  $\succ$  Is he another person? > Which attributes are essential to God and which ones are merely contingent so God can give them up?

#### REMEMBER CHALCEDON

Taught that in no way was Christ's nature diminished- human or divine.
Does Kenoticism deny the deity of Christ?

#### DONALD BAILLIE

Does Christianity, then, teach that God changed into a Man? . . . That at a certain point of time, God . . . was transformed into a human being for a period of about thirty years? It is hardly necessary to say that the Christian doctrine of the Incarnation means nothing like that....it would be grotesque to suggest that the Incarnation has anything in common with the metamorphoses of ancient pagan mythology . . . (ancient stories, for example, of Zeus' turning himself into a swan or changing into a bull. Baillie says the Christian doctrine of the incarnation is not at all like that. He goes on to say, )

... the deity and humanity of Christ are not merely successive stages ... as if He had first been God, then Man, then after the days of His flesh were past, God again, with manhood left behind.

## CONT.

 The doctrine of the incarnation does not teach that Christ turned himself into a human and ceased to be God, just to reassume his divinity at the ascension ceasing to be man.
He is all God and all man.

#### THOUGHTS

# What properties are essential to being God? God cannot cease to be God!

#### THEINCARNATION

> The event of Christ being born in human flesh. > Of vital apologetic significance. > Many groups deny the incarnation (Muslims). > Omnipotent vs. limited power > Omnipresent vs. living in Judea > Eternal vs. life of 30 or so years. > Omniscient vs. not knowing.

#### POSSIBLE MODEL

> We do not have to explain how Jesus is really both God and man. > Possible Model, not for sure. > Plank 1- Affirm Two Natures and One Person >> Plank 2-The Logos Was the Rational Soul of Jesus >> Plank 3- The Divine Aspects of Jesus Were Subconscious

 Affirm Two Natures and One Person
...we should postulate with Chalcedon that in Christ there is one person who exemplifies two distinct and complete natures – one human and one divine.

### PLANK 1 OBJECTIONS

 Kenoticists might argue that attributes of God like omnipotence, omniscience, omnipresence, et al are not essential to deity.
They are contingent, not essential.
If that is true, then God is not really God.

#### PLANK 1 OBJECTIONS

> Divine attributes cannot be temporarily go en up as the Kenoticists might say. > The difference between can do and able to do. If Jesus gave up omnipotence but is able to get it back at any time, isn't he still omnipotent.

 The Logos Was the Rational Soul of Jesus
...agree with Apollinarius that the Logos was the rational soul of Jesus of Nazareth.

> There seems to be need for some common element between the divine nature and the human nature to have a genuine union. > The Logos was the archetypal man. > Possible that the Logos contained the human personality archetypally in his own nature.

> If true, the Logos would simply hav etc bring those properties into conjunction or union with a human body. > This way Christ is both truly God and truly human. All properties of both. > The body could not exist without the soul (Logos)

> The Divine Aspects of Jesus Were Subconscious >...we postulate that the divine aspects of Jesus' personality were largely subliminal during his incarnation on Earth prior to the resurrection and ascension.

> This would account for: > Growing in wisdom. > Growing in knowledge. > Temptation. > Ignorance of certain facts. > Struggles. > Prayer life.

# QUESTIONS

# NEXT TIME

## > Next Week



> Defenders 2-6- The Doctrine of Christ- Pages 53-94

# QUESTIONS?