



Fear... God or Man

BIG IDEA: Fear Understanding the Distinctions

SUNDAY, September 12, 2020

Oswald Chambers said, "When you fear God you will fear nothing else." It is important for the Christian to understand the categories of fear or the distinctions of fear to avoid confusion, painting with too broad a brush about fear and therefore coming to wrong conclusions and applications.

"The fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom." Proverbs 1:7. "There is no fear in love, but perfect love casts out fear." 1 John 4:18. "God is love, and whoever abides in love abides in God and God abides in him." 1 John 4:16. Many in our modern world wonder or are perplexed at the seeming contradiction. On the one hand if God is love how can he be feared? But the question has to be asked is there more than one kind of fear? Is there more than one way to fear? The danger comes when we fixate on one aspect then make the conclusion that one aspect governs all of the meaning. We paint with too broad a brush.

DEFINING FEARS

For the most part we understand that fear can be helpful or detrimental. Helpful because it prevents me from jumping off a building or playing in traffic. But also it can be harmful when it is allowed to keep me from functioning in a reasonable way. Let's call this "Natural Fear."

Natural fear is the trouble or agitation of the mind from the comprehension of an oncoming force of harm or evil to my person. We make these "fear assessments" in our lives every day whether to do or not to do something.

Sinful fear is when we fail to trust in God and trust in God's promises in the face of natural fear. Those moments of temptation are not insignificant in the face of persecution, job loss, death, or other hardship. God's promise is that when we are in those moments He will provide a way out, 1 Corinthians 10:13

Godly fear is God's will for the believer, however there are two ways to fear God: a good way and a bad way. One, bad, sees God as a threat to one's self. The other, good, sees God not as a threat but sees His glory. That fear loves what God loves and hates what God hates. This is the fear we are to pursue so that our soul is kept focused on God's holiness and awe of His character. The Christian pursuit is to gaze on the glory of God thereby finding cause to trust Him.

SMALL GROUP GROWTH GUIDE

September 12, 2021

BIG IDEA: Fear Understanding the Distinctions.

BELONG

1. When have you been fearful and under what circumstances? What was the result or what impact did it have on your life?

GROW

1. Read Isaiah 7:1-9 and 8:5-15. Assyria is on the march against Israel. The house of David is in fear with the threat of war, Isa 7:2. Assyria is described as waters overflowing its banks, Isa 8:7, and how far the enemy will advance, Isa 8:8. Picture all the land under water except Jerusalem. What would be going through your mind at this point knowing an invading army is coming and will do a lot of harm? have?
2. God is allowing this to happen for his own just and holy ends. He describes the enemies power and success but also that in the end it will come to nothing, Isa 8:9-10. At this point is this a reasonable or natural fear to have? Why or why not?
3. Then God reveals to Isaiah what God is after, Isa 8:13 commanding him to warn the people. What is God's desired end for faithful believers? What is God commanding Isaiah and the elect people not to do? Why?
4. Ahaz and those with him are pale with fear at the approaching Assyrian army. If you were part of the kings cabinet what counsel would you give? Look at Hosea 5:13-15, what was the counsel given and who do they look to for help? Note: when you read Ephraim and Judah think the nation of Israel.
5. Israel look to other nations for help instead of God. When natural fear turns to sinful fear in your own life what or whom do you tend to look to for protection and deliverance when like in the above case, God has given you promises for you to trust in?
6. In what circumstances does natural fear turn into sinful fear in your own life? Does it typically drive you away from or to God? What is God's promise when you fear him in Isa 8:14.
7. How can Christians fight against and not permit fear to produce it's negative effects in life? In those moment of fear what can be done to magnify God and not preferring our own ideas, schemes?
8. Now read the quote from Oswald Chambers. If God is the dictator, Lord, of your life what will happen to all other would be ones?
9. Isaiah 4:2-6. In what ways has God been or continues to be your sanctuary?

REACH

Two concepts come out of this study. One is that the best and strongest of us are easily overcome with fear. Second, the fear of God is the best means for overcoming sinful fear. How can you help each live in victory over fear?

SMALL GROUP GROWTH GUIDE

September 19, 2021

BIG IDEA: To overcome fear, don't love your life more than death.

BELONG

1. Aside from your dog or certain food groups and in the truest sense of the word, what do you truly love?

GROW

1. From Revelation 12:9-11 what were the three factors that allowed those early saints to overcome fear?
2. What does the first factor represent? What is the gospel? Look at 1 Corinthians 15:1-9. How does Paul describe the gospel? How many of the "three factors" from Revelation are in what Paul says?
3. The first factor is the gospel. The second is the "word of their testimony". What is a testimony? See John 20:26-31. Since the apostles have died along with those who saw Jesus live, what is testifying about him today?
4. Therefore, if the Word of God, the Bible, is the means in which the Holy Spirit uses to convict the world of sin, John 16:8, what does this say about the Bible we have? What are some questions that call the Scriptures into question? Why must they be refuted? (2 Corinthians 10:5-6) How can they be refuted?
5. So to overcome fear we must first know the Gospel, second trust in the testimony of scripture about God and his promises. Third, not love our lives even unto death. What do you think it takes to do that? See Acts 6:8-10, Acts 7:51-53, 58-60, or read the whole section.
6. What did Stephen see? To overcome fear, as a Christian, what must be understood, believed, have the conviction to face death and not let even that break one's belief in Christ?
7. How have you handled suffering? Read Hebrews 12 and remember Hebrews 11 where the writer describes the faithful saints suffering. Consider as this is read how these early Christians are being admonished to overcome fear.

1. REACH

As you close this study time discuss ways can you purposefully enact to help one another be faithful and not succumb to fear?

SMALL GROUP GROWTH GUIDE

September 26, 2021

BIG IDEA: To overcome fear, don't love your life more than death.

BELONG

1. When has there been a time in your life that you felt strong and courageous? What is it that determines whether you will be courageous or fearful?

GROW

1. Read Joshua 1:1-9. What would have caused Joshua to be fearful? What did God tell Joshua in order to head that off? How many times and ways in this passage did God convey Joshua would be successful and need not fear?
2. What about you, how often do you need to be reminded not to fear but to be strong and courageous?
3. In order for Israel's success what condition placed on them? Vs 7
4. God was giving Joshua His promise. He has done the same for us in the gospel. Dale used the term "Plumbing the depths of the Gospel" Read 2 Peter 3:17-18. How can understanding the gospel more fully help overcome sinful fear?
5. Talk through some of the depths or effects of the gospel and how that knowledge and understanding can create the courage needed to face life's fears. Below are the few Dale mentioned.

The Gospel is Jesus substitutionary death so that those called will have salvation.

The Gospel sets the example in Christ for us to follow in our daily lives, what is good, godly, holy.

The Gospel defeated God's enemies whereby Christ is victorious over all things.

The Gospel, for those who believe, have been given the right to be sons and daughters of God.

The Gospel provides everlasting life.

6. **Pondering** the Pain of sinful fear. Read 1 Peter 2:19-22, Hebrews 10:31, Revelation 21:8. When comparing facing the fears in this life with facing Christ as a "traitor or enemy", what does having an eternal perspective do, if anything so that you avoid sinful fear?
7. **Prepare** for suffering. What can be done to prepare for suffering without drifting into some form of morbidity? 1 Peter 4:12-18. What should our attitude be when we suffer rightly? Has this ever happened to you?
8. **Put** yourself in the hands of God. Another way to think of this is to willfully obey Him. Read 1 Peter 4:19. What does it mean to "entrust"? What do you entrust to others? Why is it that God would ask of you to entrust him with your most valuable possession, your soul? Do you believe this to be your most valued possession? Why or why not?

SMALL GROUP GROWTH GUIDE Cont.

September 26, 2021

BIG IDEA: To overcome fear, don't love your life more than death.

REACH

1. Plumb, Ponder, Prepare, Put. Just a few means to allow the believer in Christ to see victory over fear. Trials in this life come and go and they have lesser and greater degrees of pressure in our lives. Take some time to share what trials you may be facing presently, if any. Share also if left unchecked, how could that turn into unhealthy fear? Then, how might you set a course to deal with what you are facing to allow the fear of the Lord to govern that situation?

SMALL GROUP GROWTH GUIDE

October 3, 2021 |

BIG IDEA: Worship God and overcome fear.

BELONG

1. Sunday's message Dale has repeatedly said, "No one is neutral." Meaning everyone has a bias or is making an ultimate authority claim about the reality of life, what is good, right, and true. How have you or would you respond to the following statement and what authority are you appealing to make your response?

"You don't need to be a believer in God or a particular religious tenants to have a strong sense of right and wrong."

GROW

1. There are many things that go on that people think are worship. What do you think some of them are?
2. God has prescribed in Scripture how He is to be worshipped. Read John 4:23-24. What are the two broad categories Jesus gives?
3. Dale used a definition of worship as follows: Worship is the life expression of obedience, praise, thankfulness, reverence, offered to the living God, by a redeemed soul who knows the truth about God, loving Him more than his own life. Is this a helpful definition, why or why not?
4. On Sunday is your heart eager to fellowship and worship God? Are you coming to give or to receive? Explain.
5. Example. Read Exodus 30:34-38. This is one Old Testament prescription God used for worshippers to follow, why vs 36? What would happen if you made this perfume for yourself or made a different one? (See Leviticus 10) Who was this for? So God creates his own perfume recipe, unique to him alone, to be offered to him by His worshippers. How is this symbolic of our worship today based on the above definition?
6. Picture of Worship. Read John 12:1-7. What was being used on Jesus? Where was the perfume applied? What do we know culturally about the washing of feet in that day? What did she use to apply the perfume? 1 Corinthians 11:15 says the glory of a woman is her hair. She uses her glory to perform a slave's job, uses a year's salary for the perfume. What does that say about her worship?
7. God says that true worshippers will worship Him in spirit. Meaning your heart belongs to him, it is not divided, you're all in. How do you come to that? See Hebrews 11:6.
8. God says that true worshippers will worship Him in truth. What informs worship? What must happen to you and about what you think worshiping God is? See Romans 12:1-2.

SMALL GROUP GROWTH GUIDE

October 3, 2021 |

BIG IDEA: Worship God and overcome fear.

REACH

So in order to worship God you must be saved by faith in Jesus Christ. You must let go of all the false ideas you've had about what worship is by the transformation of your mind with the truth of the Word of God. Then offer your life as a living sacrifice. How well do you worship?

Read Hebrews 12:28-29 below, and think about Aaron's sons from Leviticus 10 and what happened to them.

Hebrews 12:28—Therefore let us be grateful for receiving a kingdom that cannot be shaken, and thus let us offer to God acceptable worship, with reverence and awe, for our God is a consuming fire.

From this text, what three attitudes that accompany our worship?

G_____.

R_____

A_____

How can you evaluate whether what you are offering to God in worship is acceptable?

Finally, why is God seeking and desire true worshipers, vs 29? Who can you begin or continue to pray for that they would receive the gospel to avoid such a fate?