Answers to Sermon Notes

"Pride and Prejudice...and Predestination" Acts 21:37 - 22:22 11/21/21

- 1. This morning I would like to begin with **two stories**.
 - a. My encounter with a customer of Grand Rapids **Bolt** and **Nut**.
 - **b.** The day I realized that not all **DeVries's believed** the same things.
- **2.** In recent years there has been much discussion about the dangers of **tribalism** especially for **Christians**.
 - **a.** "A strong feeling of identity with and <u>loyalty</u> to one's <u>tribe</u> or group."
 - **b.** Because of the **pride** and **prejudice** that it so frequently engenders.
 - a. "If you ain't **Dutch**, you ain't **much**."
 - **c.** And, to that degree, the warning is **crucial**.
- 3. But, in **response** to that word of warning we should note a few important things:
 - **a. Tribalism** is as natural to human beings as **breathing**. (It is nothing **new**.)
 - a. You will always have a strong feeling of identity and loyalty to those who are <u>like you</u>.
 - i. Even the people who **warn** against tribalism **practice** it.
 - **b.** It is also the source of **good** things, like the dynamic of **belonging**.
 - a. Each of our **families** is, in some real sense, a **tribe**.
 - c. It was never God's intention to <u>eliminate</u> tribalism in this world, but rather to start a <u>new tribe</u>. (Mt. 10:24-42)
 - a. There is, then, a <u>danger</u> inherent in warning Christians against tribalism: the implication that the goal of the Christian faith is its **opposite**.
 - i. For the opposite of tribalism is a kind of **universalism**.
- 4. Now, it is certainly true that tribalism can often create both **pride** and **prejudice**.
 - a. We see that here in our passage.
 - a. The Jews of Jesus' day were very **proud** of being Jews.
 - i. And Paul seems to be attempting to use that to his **advantage**.
 - ii. That it might be a reason for them to more easily **accept** his testimony.
 - a. "I am **one** of **you**." (21:39 22:3)
 - b. Similarly, their pride in being Jews had created a **prejudice** against other groups.
 - i. Particularly those whom they believed to be **dissing** them.
 - a. Paul seems to be seeking to **use** this to his advantage as well.
 - i. "I **felt** as you do." (22:4-5)
 - c. Yet, no amount of commonality between Paul and these Jews was enough to make up for what now **divided** them: A **saving** encounter with Christ.
 - i. A reality that **Christ** recognized long before **Paul**. (22:17-21)
 - a. "You are not in that **tribe** anymore."
- 5. When you become a Christian you are **moved** from your previous tribe into the tribe of **Christ**.
 - **a.** No matter how much you still have in <u>common</u>, you will no longer be <u>seen</u> as one of them, because you aren't. (John 15:18-19)
 - a. Some of you are about to experience the <u>reality</u> of that once again as you prepare for holiday gatherings with either **family** or **friends**.
 - **b.** This is a **reality** that we have to acknowledge and **embrace**.
 - a. Otherwise, it is too easy for us to slip into **compromise**.

- b. And, in so doing **void** our testimony, **deny** our Lord, and **break** fellowship with the rest of our tribe.
- **c.** Of course, this is not just **subtraction** for us; there is an even greater **addition**. (Mk. 10:28-30)
 - a. As **Paul** has been **enjoying** continually on his journey back to Jerusalem.
- 6. But, there is one other very important thing that we need to recognize and embrace: that we were **appointed** to this. (22:10, 14-15) (Eph. 1:11-14)
 - **a.** It is only in the knowledge of having been <u>predestined</u> to the tribe of Christ that we can avoid the <u>pride</u> and prejudice that so often <u>dominates</u> other tribes.
 - a. This (contrary to popular belief) <u>eliminates</u> pride because the <u>means</u> he has chosen to draw the chosen to himself is the **gospel**. (22:16) (I Timothy 1:15)
 - b. It also eliminates **prejudice**, for we cannot look on those of other tribes with **derision** (as though we were **better** than they), but rather with **compassion**.
 - i. "There, but for the **grace** of **God**, go I." (I Timothy 1:16)
 - c. So, even while they are crying out for his life to be <u>taken</u>, he continues to testify to them in order that their lives might be <u>saved</u>.

Central Takeaways

- 1. Tribalism is as **natural** to mankind as breathing.
 - a. **Everyone** identifies with a tribe.
- 2. Though there are very real <u>dangers</u> to tribalism (pride and prejudice), there are also genuine <u>blessings</u> (identity and belonging).
 - a. Though <u>warnings</u> against it for Christians are to a certain degree helpful, they can also imply something <u>false</u>: that the goal of the Christian faith is its <u>opposite</u>.
- 3. God's intention was never to **eliminate** tribalism in this world, but rather to **start** a new tribe.
- 4. When you become a Christian, you are **moved** from your previous tribe into the tribe of **Christ**.
- 5. This is **critical** to recognize and embrace...
 - a. In order that we not slide into **compromise**, voiding our testimony, **denying** our Lord, and **breaking** fellowship with the rest of the tribe.
 - b. And in order that we be able to fully experience the blessings of **belonging** of being in Christ.
- 6. It is also critical for us to recognize that we were **appointed** to this tribe.
 - a. That our **pride** might be eliminated by our experience of the **gospel**.
 - b. That our **prejudice** might be eliminated by our understanding that, "There, but for the **grace** of **God**, go I."

Application

- 1. Life for the Christian in our day is very much like driving **Skyline Drive**.
 - a. There is great **danger** on both sides of the road.
- 2. We cannot give in to the suggestion that all tribalism is an **evil** to be avoided.
 - a. Or, we will **<u>void</u>** our testimony, **<u>deny</u>** our Lord, and break fellowship with the rest of our brothers and sisters.
- 3. But, we also cannot give in to either **pride** or **prejudice**.
 - a. Or, we will actually be $\underline{identifying}$ with some other tribe than the true tribe of \underline{Christ} .
- 4. We must stand on the truth and testify to the truth (allowing that identity to both <u>define</u> us and <u>distinguish</u> us) with the humility and compassion through which God might use us to draw more of those he has <u>chosen</u> into the tribe of Christ.
- 5. What **tribe** do you identify with, and how is that **evident** in your life?