Sermon Notes

The Ten Words: The Fourth Word Deuteronomy 5:12-15 7/10/22

1. Today we look at the fourth and commandment of the first table of the law, the table of content which
comprehensively covers our relationship with the
 And yet, as we reflect on the first three, we might wonder what could possibly beto
i. Our Embrace of the LORD.
a. Our eager, exclusive enthronement of the LORD as our God.
1. The one to whom alone we look for protection , direction, and provision .
ii. Our Worship of the LORD.
a. Regulated by his word .
1. In NT era, it is worship done in Spirit and Truth .
i. <u>Direct</u> communion: not through anyone or anything.
1. Avoiding both superstition and hypocrisy.
ii. <u>Pure</u> : saturated with his <u>word</u> and his truth
1. Understood through the template of the gospel .
2. Facilitating the ongoing work of our sanctification .
iii. Our Mention of the LORD.
a. That we not blaspheme .
1. By <u>associating</u> the LORD with anything that is <u>beneath</u> him.
2. By patronizing the LORD and making him look like a joke .
3. By <u>denying</u> the LORD the <u>glory</u> he alone deserves.
b. While it would seem as though there couldn't be anything left to cover, there is: Our in the LORD
¹² "'Observe the Sabbath day, to keep it holy, as the LORD your God commanded you. ¹³ Six days you shall labor and do all your work, ¹⁴ but the seventh day is a Sabbath to the LORD your God. On it you shall not do any work, you or your son or your daughter or your male servant or your female servant, or your ox or your donkey or any of your livestock, or the sojourner who is within your gates, that your male servant and your female servant may rest as well as you. ¹⁵ You shall remember that you were a slave in the land of Egypt, and the LORD your God brought you out from there with a mighty hand and an outstretched arm. Therefore the LORD your God commanded you to keep the Sabbath day.
2. I would like to cover the of this commandment under these three headings:
a. The of the Sabbath Commandment
b. The of the Sabbath Commandment
c. The of the Sabbath Commandment
3. The of the Sabbath Commandment
a. One of the first things that strikes us as we begin to seek to better understand the fourth commandment is
the that God should have to his people to rest from their
i people today need to be to rest from their labor and toil.
a. It is largely true that, "Everybody's for the"
b. With weekends being all the more cherished.
c. Many for for the sole purpose of resting from their work for
ii. However, this wealth of rest is a rather historical development. a. And has been created by our incredible
a And has been created by our incredible

		iii. The Sabbath commandment was given at a time when from labor could mean a significant, sometimes even the difference between and
		a. People often did live
		b. And if there was in your hands there would be in your mouth.
		c. This was the direct result of the, and the that came with it. (Gen. 3:17-19)
		iv. The Sabbath commandment, then, was an offer of, inviting his people (and every living
		thing connected to them) to join him in his rest and rest from the of the curse they
		were carrying. Rest not only for the, but for all. (Mark 2:27)
		a. Many of us grew up with Sabbath restrictions that kept us from, but in order to
		understand this commandment rightly we must see that it was an expression of
		to people living under the of sin.
		b. To be rightly, the people of God would need to have in the
		LORD in his ongoing provision as well as in the LORD and what he
	CD1	has already provided. (Exodus 16:16-30)
4.		of the Sabbath Commandment
	a.	Another thing that strikes us as we seek to better understand the Sabbath commandment is the
		that the LORD placed upon it throughout the Old Testament. (Exodus 31:12-17)
	b.	Given this place of central importance and its as one of the Ten Commandments, many
		have concluded that the Sabbath commandment has a place within God's moral law.
		i. Three types of OT Law:
		a Law: laws of daily, and punishment, etc. for Israel in that
		day. No longer specifically in force.
		1. Marriage,, Property Rights,, Defamation, Negligence, etc.
		b Law: boundaries of conduct for all. Still in force for all.
		1. Murder,, Theft,, Slander, etc.
		c Law: religious laws that to Christ. Now fulfilled in him.
		1, Festivals, Offerings, Cleanliness, etc. (Colossians 2:16-23)
		ii. The question, then, is, "Are Ten Commandments?"
	c.	This leads us to the place of the commandment in the of Jesus and the apostles.
		i. This is the only commandment Jesus on that he does not
		ii. In fact, he does the (Matthew 12:1-8)
		iii. Jesus' point is that the Sabbath commandment belongs to thelaw.
		a. It is in him. (Hebrews 3:1 – 4:13)
	d.	And this accounts for the place it has in the events of his death and resurrection.
		i. It is an to be avoided, an to be obeyed, or an to be accepted?
5.	The	of the Sabbath Commandment.
	a.	That face, of course, is the face of
		Given this, it becomes why God:
	0.	i. was so about their observance of the Sabbath day.
		ii this commandment the four that governed our relationship to the LORD.
		a. Only by receiving the Sabbath in could we have a relationship to him.
6	How at	
υ.		the concept of the Sabbath day today? The observance of days is a matter of Christian. The observance of days is a matter of Christian. There is a mark Sabbath day.
	a.	
	1.	(Colossians 2:16-17) There is however both wisdom and witness in the
	b.	There is, however, both wisdom and witness in the of a day of rest.
	c.	And there is a need for us to gather for and to the rest that we have in Christ.
	.1	(HC, Q&A 103) The boost that is willingly
	a.	The heart that is willingly commandments 1-3 will seek to enjoy this rest in ways that
		him who has given us eternal rest in Jesus.