#### BE101- Bible Study Methods

SESSION 3 : INDUCTIVE METHOD- OVERVIEW OF THE PROCESS AND OBSERVATION PART 1

## Inductive Method- Three Step Approach

- Observation
  - What do I see?
  - Gathering of information
- Interpretation
  - What does it mean?
  - Understanding the information compiled during observation
- Application
  - What does it mean for me?
  - Adjusting how I live my life to be better in line with Scripture

#### Observation – Roadmap

- Determine the genre (style of writing)
- Ask questions: who, what, when, where, and why?
- Things to look for:
  - Building blocks
    - Terms (key words)
    - Names: people and places
  - Structure
    - Grammatical structure
    - Literary structure
  - Atmosphere
    - Feeling or tone of the passage
    - Setting
    - Historical or cultural backgrounds
- How do I know what's important?

#### Literary Genres

• A literary genre is a writing style (narrative, poetry, exposition, etc.)

- Knowing what genre you are in is...
  - Helpful for asking the right types of questions
  - Necessary for correct interpretation

### Literary Genres in the Bible

#### Narrative

- Stories: About events or people
- Genesis through Ezra, Matthew through Acts
- Parable
  - A brief story that illustrates a moral principle
  - Often used by Jesus in the Gospels, but also seen elsewhere (2 Samuel 12:1-6)
- Exposition
  - Straightforward argument or explanation of a body of objective truth
  - Romans through Jude
- Poetry
  - Appeal to emotions
  - Typically use figurative language
  - Psalms, Song of Solomon, Job

## Literary Genres in the Bible

- Wisdom Literature
  - Impart wisdom or instruction
  - Not always guarantees
  - Not always from God's perspective
  - Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, Job

#### Prophesy

- God's message to a particular person or group
- Typically calls out sin and warns about impending judgement
- Often looks ahead to future events
- Isaiah through Malachi
- Apocalyptic
  - Can be considered a subset of prophesy
  - · Deals with cataclysmic events involving the end of the world
  - Revelation and portions of Daniel

## What genre is this?

- What is the genre of the book as a whole?
- What is the genre of the specific passage?
  - Exposition within narrative (Paul's speech in Athens in Acts 17:22-31)
  - Narrative within narrative (Stephen's speech in Acts 7)
  - Parables
  - Poetry within narrative (Exodus 15:1-19)
  - And so on...

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# Asking Questions – Who?

- Who to identify?
  - Who is mentioned in the text?
  - Who is the author?
  - Who is the audience?
- What does the text say about this person?
  - Titles (e.g. Rahab, the harlot)
  - Associations (e.g. Andrew, Peter's brother)
  - Descriptions- (David, a man after God's own heart)
- What does this person say?
- How does this person react to things?
- How do other people react to this person?
- Where else have we seen this person in the Bible?

# Asking Questions- What?

- Narrative
  - What happens?
- Poetry
  - What's the subject?
  - What does the author say about the subject?
  - What metaphors are being used?
  - What emotions are evoked?
- Exposition:
  - What argument is the author trying to make?
    - What is the premise ("because", "since", "if this", etc.)?
    - What is the inference ("therefore", "then this")?
    - What is the conclusion ("therefore", "so then")
- Parable:
  - What is the moral of the story?

## Asking Questions – When?

- For narrative: When did the events take place?
  - What time of day?
  - What comes before?
  - What comes after?
  - Word of caution: not all Scripture is ordered chronologically.
  - Look for temporal connecting words: immediately, the next day,
  - When does this happen, compared to other events in Scripture?
- When was the author writing?
  - Psalms- 1&2 Samuel, 1 Chronicles
  - Pauline Epistles Acts
  - Prophets 1&2 Kings, 2 Chronicles

## Asking Questions- Where?

- For narrative: Where did the events take place?
  - What do we know about the culture or history of that place?
  - What is the geography like?
  - Which direction are the characters travelling?
  - How far away are locations?
- Where was the author writing from?
- Where is the audience located?

# Asking Questions- Why?

- Why did the author include (or not include)...
  - Narrative: this story, this detail (Gospels)
  - Poetry: this metaphor,
  - Exposition: this statement
- Why is it ordered this way?
- Why does this person say (or not say) that?
- Why is this written in this genre? (Jesus' parables)
- "I don't fully understand this."

# Final Things

- Homework:
  - Go through your passage and ask questions (who, what, when, where, why). Write down a list of things you observe about the text.
  - Brainstorming.
  - Email me your observations. Example saved on website.
- Next Class: Observation part 2